

绝密★启用前

南昌理工学院2016年专升本考试试卷

高级英语 A 卷

(满分: 100 分)

座位号	

题目	一	二	三	四	五	六	总分	复核人
得分								

注意事项:

考生须用钢笔、水笔或圆珠笔将答案直接答在答题纸上。

得分	评卷人	复核人

一、Multiple Choices

(本大题共15小题, 每题1分, 共15分)

Directions: In this section, you are given 20 questions, beneath each of which are four choices marked A, B, C, and D. You are to make the best choice either to complete the incomplete statement or to answer the question.

- It is not who is right, but what is right, _____ is of importance.
A. which B. it C. that D. this
- the old lady told her son that she was happy _____ she was.
A. that B. when C. where D. there
- Let's go over the monthly sales figures once again, _____?
A. do we B. shall we C. won't we D. can we

- Modern educational theories _____ teachers to interact with their students.
A. acquire B. require C. demand D. depend
- She is a devoted teacher, a warm-hearted friend and a _____ colleague.
A. respectable B. respectful C. respected D. respective
- At the age of 30, the young man _____ all the goals he had set himself ten years before.
A. obtain B. grabbed C. pursued D. reached
- Money is often mistakenly _____ a person's well-being.
A. associated with B. connected with C. linked to D. related to
- Steve said that he was able to do all this, not in spite of his handicap, but _____ it.
A. due to B. owing to C. because of D. out of
- All government offices _____ were severely criticized for the leak of an NCE exam paper.
A. connected B. concerned C. relevant D. suitable
- _____, women are better able to handle stress than men.
A. Strange as it may seem B. It may seem as strange
C. Strange it may seem D. It may seem strange
- _____ seems great luxury to you is minimal taste to me.
A. What B. That C. It D. There
- Everything has been done _____ sure of the safety of the children.
A. making B. is making C. to make D. to be made
- The residents demanded that those responsible for the fire _____ brought to justice.
A. must be B. would be C. be D. to be
- Ten years ago, Lin left for the United States to study _____ at Princeton University.
A. economic B. economical C. economics D. economy
- A(n) _____ innocence permeates the latest landscape of the 50-year-old artist.
A. immature B. naïve C. childish D. childlike

密封线内不得答题

得分	评卷人	复核人

二、Translate these sentences into English。(本大题共5小题，每小题3分，共15分)

- 他因收受贿赂正在接受调查。
- 关于幸福的含义，没有广泛为大家接受的定义。
- 政府开始向被洪水围困的地区空投食品。
- 是我们公开抗议，对这个部门的性别歧视说“不”的时候了。
- 由于我们的价格优势，我们今向那个地区的出口与去年同期相比增加了30%。

得分	评卷人	复核人

三、Cloze (本大题共15小题，每小题1分，共15分)

Directions: In this section, you are given 15 questions, beneath each of which are four choices marked A, B, C, and D. You are to make the best choice either to complete the incomplete statement or to answer the question. 1 point is given to each correct choice.

If you were to begin a new job tomorrow, you would bring with you some basic strengths and weaknesses. Success or 1 in your work would depend, to 2 great extent, 3 your ability to use your strengths and weaknesses to the best advantage. 4 the utmost importance is your attitude. A person 5 begins a job convinced that he isn't going to like it or is 6 that he is going to fail is exhibiting a weakness which can only hinder his success. On the other hand, a person who is secure 7 his belief that he is probably as capable 8 doing the work as anyone else and who is willing to make a cheerful attempt 9 it possesses a certain strength of purpose. The chances are that he will do well.

10 the prerequisite skills for a particular job is strength. Lacking those skills is obviously a weakness. A book-keeper who can't add or a carpenter who can't cut a straight line with a saw 11 hopeless cases.

This book has been designed to help you capitalize 12 the strength and overcome the 13 that you bring to the job of learning. But in order to measure your development, you must first 14 stock of where you stand now. 15 we get further along in the book, we'll be dealing in some detail with specific processes for developing and strengthening learning skills.

1. A. improvement B. Victory C. failure D. achievement

2. A. a B. the C. some D. certain
 3. A. in B. on C. of D. to
 4. A. Out of B. Of C. To D. Into
 5. A. who B. what C. that D. which
 6. A. ensure B. certain C. sure D. surely
 7. A. onto B. on C. off D. in
 8. A. to B. at C. of D. for
 9. A. near B. on C. by D. at
 10. A. Have B. Had C. Having D. Had been
 11. A. being B. been C. are D. is
 12. A. except B. but C. for D. on
 13. A. idea B. weakness C. strength D. advantage
 14. A. make B. take C. do D. give
 15. A. as B. till C. over D. out

	评卷人	复核人

四、Reading comprehension (本大题共20小题, 每小题2分, 共40分)

Directions: In this section, you are given 20 questions, beneath each of which are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You are to make the best choice. 2 points are given to each correct choice.

Passage One

Questions 1 to 5 are based on the following passage.

According to scientific research, when bees become ill, they tend to have problems with their memories. "And that can be fatal," says Dr. Harry Lewis, lead author of a study published in the well-known journal Popular Ecology.

"Bees rely on their memories to find food. When a bee finds a food source, it goes back to the hive, where it lives, and tells the other bees how to find it. It does this by performing a series of dances that reveal the distance and direction to the source. If a sick bee can't remember where it was, then it can't accurately communicate to the others where to look for food," explained Dr. Lewis.

All across the United States, bees have been dying off in large numbers. Most of the deaths can be attributed to bacteria, viruses, and other insects, which kill the bees directly. However, "perhaps the inability of the sickened bees to help others find food also contributes to the decline of the bee population," said Dr. Lewis.

1. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) Bees' food sources are being destroyed by disease.
- B) Diseases are killing many bees in the United States.
- C) Diseased bees are a threat to human food supplies.
- D) Diseased bees cannot direct other bees to food.

2. What does Dr. Lewis imply about memory in bees?

- A) It is important in bees' ability to survive.
- B) It is affected by the kinds of food bees eat.
- C) It helps them avoid certain kinds of pests.
- D) It gets worse as bees get older.

3. Why do bees perform dances?

- A) to help improve their memories
- B) to communicate with the other bees

- C) to attract new bees to the hive
 - D) to remember where the hive is
4. In the third sentence of paragraph 2, what does the word source refer to?
- A) the memory of food
 - B) the hive
 - C) the location of food
 - D) the other bees
5. What opinion does Dr. Lewis give at the end of the passage?
- A) His theory has been used by other researchers.
 - B) His theory is not being taken seriously.
 - C) His theory is superior to other ideas.
 - D) His theory may help explain a problem.

Passage Two

Questions 6 to 10 are based on the following passage.

Personal Rapid Transit (PRT) is a form of public transport that has long been proposed as a solution to the transportation problems that affect many cities. The basic idea of PRT is to create a type of car for public use. Passengers would travel in small, driverless vehicles on a network of tracks, which are called guideways. These electric vehicles would be available on demand, like taxis, transporting small groups of people to different destinations.

Supporters of PRT claim three major advantages of the system. The benefit that first attracted attention to PRT is its environmental friendliness. The system runs on electricity, and experts estimate that each car would use only a fraction of the energy required by a regular motor vehicle. The second benefit is the on-demand nature of the system; there is little to no waiting for cars to arrive. Finally, some people believe that PRT systems can create new jobs. If PRT were to take off in just a few cities, it could be a major job creator for companies with advanced engineering capabilities.

Critics, however, question whether PRT systems are practical. Small PRT vehicles are most suitable for situations in which there are relatively few passengers going to each destination. But PRT guideways are complicated and expensive to build. Economically, they would make sense only for heavily traveled routes. Yet for routes within cities, where passenger volume would be high enough to cover the cost of building the guideways, the small cars would not be large enough to carry

many people. Outside of city centers, construction of PR systems would not be cost-effective due to the number of guideways that would be needed. These are serious problems that need to be solved if PRT systems are to be a realistic public transport option.

6. What the main ideal of this passage?
 - A) PRT is the solution to transportation problems.
 - B) PRT is complicated and expensive to build.
 - C) PRT has its benefits, but it's not practical.
 - D) PRT has its disadvantages, but it's safe.
7. What are PRT cars compared to in paragraph 1?
 - A) destinations
 - B) taxis
 - C) networks
 - D) guideways
8. What was the original appeal of PRT?
 - A) It uses much less energy than cars.
 - B) It is not expensive to develop.
 - C) It can transport large numbers of people.
 - D) It does not require specialized staff.
9. In paragraph 2, why does the author mention companies?
 - A) to describe who already has experience of PRT systems
 - B) to explain how PRT systems will be built
 - C) to indicate who has criticized PRT systems
 - D) to show who could benefit from PRT systems
10. What is the purpose of paragraph 3?
 - A) to show when PRT is most suitable
 - B) to show how PRT makes economic sense
 - C) to explain the disadvantages of PRT
 - D) to explain both advantages and disadvantages of PRT

Passage Three

Questions 11 to 15 are based on the following passage.

My father had a small business selling homemade ice cream. During the summer months, rows and rows of eager tourists lined up at the counter, waiting for their daily indulgence of my father's most exquisite recipes of some twenty-seven flavors

of homemade wonder.

Being such an extremely busy little store meant that the employees had to work fast and furious for hours at a time, with little rest. The swarm of tourists never stopped and our "rush hour" lasted many hours on hot days.

I had worked for my father since I was young, as did all seven kids in our family. So I had seen many new employees come and go due to the fast and frenetic pace.

One day, in 1967, we had a new employee, Debbie, who wanted to work in the store for the summer. She had never done this type of work before, but planned to give it her all.

On her first day, Debbie made just about every mistake in the book. She added the sales wrong on the cash register, she charged the wrong price for items, she gave the wrong bag of food to the wrong customer, and she dropped and broke a half gallon of milk. The tortures of watching her struggle was too much for me. So I went into my father's office and said, "Please go out there and put her out of her misery."

Since my father's office was situated within view of the sales counter, he had no doubt seen what I was talking about. He sat, thoughtful, for a moment. Then he got up from his desk and walked over to Debbie, who was standing behind the counter.

"Debbie," he said, as he put his hand gently on her shoulder. "I have been watching you all day, and I saw how you treated Mrs. Forbush."

Debbie's face began to flush and tears began to well in her eyes as she struggled to remember Mrs. Forbush from the many women she had given the wrong change to or spilled milk on.

My father continued, "I have never seen Mrs. Forbush be so polite to any one of my employees before. You really knew how to handle her. I am sure that she is going to want you to wait on her every time she comes in. keep up the good work."

In return for being a wise and compassionate employee, my father got a loyal and hardworking employee for sixteen years and a friend for life.

11. Who is the narrator of the narrative?
 - A. A customer of the ice cream store
 - B. An employee of the ice cream store.
 - C. A neighbor of the store owner
 - D. One of the children of the store owner
12. "...I had seen many new employees come and go..." What does the sentence imply?
 - A. They came and left as they wished
 - B. They did not work there for long.
 - C. They had to keep moving around.
 - D. They hopped from one job to another
13. When she couldn't tolerate Debbie's mistake any more, the narrator suggested

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- that her father _____.
 A. fire her immediately B. let her rest for a while
 C. throw her out of the store D. help her out of her misery.
 14. What did the store owner do in response to the narrator's suggestion?
 A. He tried to appear nice and tolerant.
 B. He criticized Debbie in a kind, mild way.
 C. He praised Debbie for what she did right.
 D. He told Debbie not to worry about her mistakes.
 15. Which of the following statements best summarizes the message of the passage?
 A. Forget injuries, but never forget kindness.
 B. Respect yourself and others will respect you.
 C. When anger rises, think of the consequence.
 D. Good things come to those who care and trust.

Passage Four

Questions 15 to 20 are based on the following passage.

According to a professor who has made a scientific study of lying, women are better liars than men, particularly when telling a "white lie", such as when a woman at a party tells another woman that she likes her dress when she thinks it looks awful; or another woman declines an invitation with "We're busy that night—so sorry we can't come," when the truth is she'd rather stay home than dine with the so-and-sos. However, this is only the side of the story. Other researchers say that men are more likely to tell more serious lies, such as making a promise which they have no intention of fulfilling. This is the kind of lie politicians and businessmen are supposed to be particularly skilled at: the lie from which the liar hopes to profit or gain in some way.

Research has also been done into the way people's behavior changes in a number of small, apparently unimportant ways when they lie. It has been found that if they are sitting down at the time, they tend to move about in their chair more than usual. They also tend to touch certain parts of the face more, in particular the nose. Another gesture which gives liars away is what one writer calls "the mouth cover." He says there are several typical forms of this, such as covering part of the mouth with the fingers, touching the upper-lip or putting a finger of the hand at one side of the mouth. Such a gesture can be taken as proof that the speaker is lying. They simply tend to occur more frequently in this situation. It is not one gesture alone that

gives the liar away but a whole number of things and in particular the context in which the lie is told.

16. Which of the following statements is INCORRECT?
 A. You tell people a "white lie" to avoid hurting their feelings.
 B. You tell people a "white lie" in order to protect them,
 C. A white lie, though not intended to harm, is harmful.
 D. A white lie is a small lie intended to avoid trouble.
 17. A good liar is _____.
 A. a shameless liar B. one who tells outright lies
 C. a habitual liar D. one who tells believable lies
 18. What kind of people is likely to deceive by using misleading advertisements?
 A. Politicians B. Businesspeople
 C. Male businessman D. Male politicians
 19. Which of the following statements is CORRECT?
 A. There is no way whatsoever to tell whether a person is lying.
 B. There are a number of ways to discover a liar without fail.
 C. Liars are likely to behave a bit unlike their usual self.
 D. Liars are nervous and give themselves away easily.
 20. The purpose of the passage is _____.
 A. to inform B. to argue C. to convince D. to persuade

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得分	评卷人	复核人

五、Writing(本大题共15分)

Directions: for this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay about *Effects of Financial Crisis on College Students*.

1. 概述金融危机给世界造成的影响;
2. 论述金融危机给大学生带来的就业、经济影响;
3. 阐述大学生面对金融危机带来的影响应提高专业技能等。

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